

GOOD FRIDAY

The Celebration of the Passion and Death of Our Lord

The Priest and Sacred Ministers, wearing red or black vestments as for Mass, go to the altar in silence. After making a reverence to the altar, they prostrate themselves or, if appropriate, they kneel and pray for a while in silence. All others kneel.

COLLECT OF THE DAY

Collect

ALMIGHTY God: we beseech thee graciously to behold this thy family, for which our Lord Jesus Christ was contented to be betrayed, and given up into the hands of wicked men, and to suffer death upon the Cross; who now liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

THE LESSON

Isaiah 52:13-53:12

Behold, my servant shall prosper, he shall be exalted and lifted up, and shall be very high.

As many were astonished at him—

his appearance was so marred, beyond human semblance, and his form beyond that of the sons of men—

so shall he startle many nations;

kings shall shut their mouths because of him; for that which has not been told them they shall see,

and that which they have not heard they shall understand.

Who has believed what we have heard?

And to whom has the arm of the LORD been revealed?

For he grew up before him like a young plant,

and like a root out of dry ground;

he had no form or comeliness that we should look at him, and no beauty that we should desire him.

He was despised and rejected by men;

a man of sorrows, and acquainted with grief;

and as one from whom men hide their faces

he was despised, and we esteemed him not.

Surely he has borne our griefs and carried our sorrows; yet we esteemed him stricken, struck down by God, and afflicted. But he was wounded for our transgressions, he was bruised for our iniquities; upon him was the chastisement that made us whole, and with his stripes we are healed. All we like sheep have gone astray; we have turned every one to his own way; and the LORD has laid on him the iniquity of us all. He was oppressed, and he was afflicted, yet he opened not his mouth; like a lamb that is led to the slaughter, and like a sheep that before its shearers is silent, so he opened not his mouth. By oppression and judgment he was taken away; and as for his generation, who considered that he was cut off out of the land of the living, stricken for the transgression of my people? And they made his grave with the wicked and with a rich man in his death, although he had done no violence, and there was no deceit in his mouth. Yet it was the will of the LORD to bruise him: he has put him to grief; when he makes himself an offering for sin, he shall see his offspring, he shall prolong his days; the will of the LORD shall prosper in his hand; he shall see the fruit of the travail of his soul and be satisfied; by his knowledge shall the righteous one, my servant, make many to be accounted righteous; and he shall bear their iniquities. Therefore I will divide him a portion with the great, and he shall divide the spoil with the strong; because he poured out his soul to death, and was numbered with the transgressors;

yet he bore the sin of many,

and made intercession for the transgressors.

Respond

Domine, exaudi (Ps 102:1-4,13)

Hear my prayer, O Lord: and let my crying come unto thee.

- V. Hide not thy face from me in the time of my trouble: incline thine ear unto me when I call.
- V. O hear me, and that right soon. For my days are consumed away like smoke: and my bones are burnt up as it were a fire-brand.
- V. My heart is smitten down, and withered like grass: so that I forget to eat my bread.
- V. Thou shalt arise, and have mercy upon Sion: for it is time that thou have mercy upon her, yea the time is come.

THE EPISTLE

Hebrews 4:14-16; 5:7-9

Brethren:

Since we have a great high priest who has passed through the heavens, Jesus, the Son of God, let us hold fast our confession. For we have not a high priest who is unable to sympathize with our weaknesses, but one who in every respect has been tempted as we are, yet without sinning.

Let us then with confidence draw near to the throne of grace, that we may receive mercy and find grace to help in time of need.

In the days of his flesh, Jesus offered up prayers and supplications, with loud cries and tears, to him who was able to save him from death, and he was heard for his godly fear.

Although he was a Son, he learned obedience through what he suffered; and being made perfect he became the source of eternal salvation to all who obey him.

Gradual

Christus factus est (Phil 2:8,9)

Christ became obedient for our sakes unto death: even to the death of the Cross.

V. Wherefore God also hath also highly exalted him: and given him the Name which is above every name.

The Passion is read by the Priest and readers without an introduction. Where indicated by "All", the People respond.

The Passion of Our Lord Jesus Christ according to Saint John

N. At that time:

Jesus went forth with his disciples across the Kidron valley, where there was a garden, which he and his disciples entered.

Now Judas, who betrayed him, also knew the place; for Jesus often met there with his disciples.

So Judas, procuring a band of soldiers and some officers from the chief priests and the Pharisees, went there with lanterns and torches and weapons.

Then Jesus, knowing all that was to befall him, came forward and said to them,

₩ "Whom do you seek?"

N. They answered him,

S. "Jesus of Nazareth."

N. Jesus said to them,

₩ "I am he."

N. Judas, who betrayed him, was standing with them.

When he said to them, "I am he," they drew back and fell to the ground.

Again he asked them,

₩ "Whom do you seek?"

N. And they said,

S. "Jesus of Nazareth."

N. Jesus answered,

■ "I told you that I am he; so, if you seek me, let these men go."

N. This was to fulfil the word which he had spoken, "Of those

whom you gave me I lost not one."

Then Simon Peter, having a sword, drew it and struck the high priest's slave and cut off his right ear. The slave's name was Malchus.

Jesus said to Peter,

■ "Put your sword into its sheath; shall I not drink the chalice which the Father has given me?"

N. So the band of soldiers and their captain and the officers of the Jews seized Jesus and bound him.

First they led him to Annas; for he was the father-in-law of Cai'aphas, who was high priest that year.

It was Cai'aphas who had given counsel to the Jews that it was

expedient that one man should die for the people.

Simon Peter followed Jesus, and so did another disciple. As this disciple was known to the high priest, he entered the court of the high priest along with Jesus, while Peter stood outside at the door. So the other disciple, who was known to the high priest, went out and spoke to the maid who kept the door, and brought Peter in.

The maid who kept the door said to Peter,

S. "Are not you also one of this man's disciples?"

N. He said,

S. "I am not."

N. Now the servants and officers had made a charcoal fire, because it was cold, and they were standing and warming themselves; Peter also was with them, standing and warming himself.

The high priest then questioned Jesus about his disciples and his teaching.

Jesus answered him,

≇ "I have spoken openly to the world; I have always taught in synagogues and in the temple, where all Jews come together; I have said nothing secretly.

Why do you ask me? Ask those who have heard me, what I said to them; they know what I said."

N. When he had said this, one of the officers standing by struck Jesus with his hand, saying,

S. "Is that how you answer the high priest?"

N. Jesus answered him,

■ "If I have spoken wrongly, bear witness to the wrong; but if I have spoken rightly, why do you strike me?"

N. Annas then sent him bound to Cai'aphas the high priest.

Now Simon Peter was standing and warming himself. They said to him,

S. "Are not you also one of his disciples?"

N. He denied it and said,

S. "I am not."

N. One of the servants of the high priest, a kinsman of the man whose ear Peter had cut off, asked,

S. "Did I not see you in the garden with him?"

N. Peter again denied it; and at once the cock crowed.

Then they led Jesus from the house of Cai'aphas to the

praetorium. It was early. They themselves did not enter the praetorium, so that they might not be defiled, but might eat the Passover.

So Pilate went out to them and said,

S. "What accusation do you bring against this man?"

N. They answered him,

S. "If this man were not an evildoer, we would not have handed him over."

N. Pilate said to them,

S. "Take him yourselves and judge him by your own law."

N. The Jews said to him,

S. "It is not lawful for us to put any man to death."

N. This was to fulfil the word which Jesus had spoken to show by what death he was to die.

Pilate entered the praetorium again and called Jesus, and said to him,

S. "Are you the King of the Jews?"

N. Jesus answered,

■ "Do you say this of your own accord, or did others say it to you about me?"

N. Pilate answered,

S. "Am I a Jew? Your own nation and the chief priests have handed you over to me; what have you done?"

N. Jesus answered,

₩ "My kingship is not of this world; if my kingship were of this world, my servants would fight, that I might not be handed over to the Jews; but my kingship is not from the world."

N. Pilate said to him,

₩ "So you are a king?"

N. Jesus answered,

≇ "You say that I am a king. For this I was born, and for this I have come into the world, to bear witness to the truth. Every one who is of the truth hears my voice."

N. Pilate said to him,

S. "What is truth?"

N. After he had said this, he went out to the Jews again, and told them,

S. "I find no crime in him.

But you have a custom that I should release one man for you at

the Passover; will you have me release for you the King of the Jews?"

N. They cried out again,

All. "Not this man, but Barab'bas!"

N. Now Barab'bas was a robber.

Then Pilate took Jesus and scourged him.

And the soldiers plaited a crown of thorns, and put it on his head, and clothed him in a purple robe; they came up to him, saying,

S. "Hail, King of the Jews!"

N. and struck him with their hands.

Pilate went out again, and said to them,

S. "Behold, I am bringing him out to you, that you may know that I find no crime in him."

N. So Jesus came out, wearing the crown of thorns and the purple robe. Pilate said to them,

S. "Here is the man!"

N. When the chief priests and the officers saw him, they cried out,

All. "Crucify him, crucify him!"

N. Pilate said to them,

S. "Take him yourselves and crucify him, for I find no crime in him."

N. The Jews answered him,

S. "We have a law, and by that law he ought to die, because he has made himself the Son of God."

N. When Pilate heard these words, he was even more afraid; he entered the praetorium again and said to Jesus,

S. "Where are you from?"

N. But Jesus gave no answer.

Pilate therefore said to him,

S. "You will not speak to me? Do you not know that I have power to release you, and power to crucify you?"

N. Jesus answered him,

≇ "You would have no power over me unless it had been given you from above; therefore he who delivered me to you has the greater sin."

N. Upon this Pilate sought to release him, but the Jews cried out,

S. "If you release this man, you are not Caesar's friend; every

one who makes himself a king sets himself against Caesar."

N. When Pilate heard these words, he brought Jesus out and sat down on the judgment seat at a place called The Pavement, and in Hebrew, Gab'batha.

Now it was the day of Preparation of the Passover; it was about the sixth hour. He said to the Jews,

S. "Here is your King!"

N. They cried out,

All. "Away with him, away with him, crucify him!"

N. Pilate said to them,

S. "Shall I crucify your King?"

N. The chief priests answered,

S. "We have no king but Caesar."

N. Then he handed him over to them to be crucified.

So they took Jesus, and he went out, bearing his own cross, to the place called the place of a skull, which is called in Hebrew Gol'gotha.

There they crucified him, and with him two others, one on either side, and Jesus between them.

Pilate also wrote a title and put it on the cross; it read, "Jesus of Nazareth, the King of the Jews."

Many of the Jews read this title, for the place where Jesus was crucified was near the city; and it was written in Hebrew, in Latin, and in Greek.

The chief priests of the Jews then said to Pilate,

S. "Do not write, 'The King of the Jews,' but, 'This man said, I am King of the Jews.'"

N. Pilate answered,

S. "What I have written I have written."

N. When the soldiers had crucified Jesus they took his garments and made four parts, one for each soldier; also his tunic. But the tunic was without seam, woven from top to bottom; so they said to one another,

S. "Let us not tear it, but cast lots for it to see whose it shall be."

N. This was to fulfil the Scripture,

"They parted my garments among them, and for my clothing they cast lots."

So the soldiers did this. But standing by the cross of Jesus were his mother, and his mother's sister, Mary the wife of Clopas,

and Mary Mag'dalene.

When Jesus saw his mother, and the disciple whom he loved standing near, he said to his mother,

₩ "Woman, behold, your son!"

N. Then he said to the disciple,

₩ "Behold, your mother!"

N. And from that hour the disciple took her to his own home.

After this Jesus, knowing that all was now finished, said (to fulfil the Scripture),

₩ "I thirst."

N. A bowl full of vinegar stood there; so they put a sponge full of the vinegar on hyssop and held it to his mouth. When Jesus had received the vinegar, he said,

₩ "It is finished":

N. and he bowed his head and gave up his spirit.

All kneel and pray for a space, until the Narrator continues.

N. Since it was the day of Preparation, in order to prevent the bodies from remaining on the cross on the sabbath (for that sabbath was a high day), the Jews asked Pilate that their legs might be broken, and that they might be taken away.

So the soldiers came and broke the legs of the first, and of the other who had been crucified with him; but when they came to Jesus and saw that he was already dead, they did not break his legs.

But one of the soldiers pierced his side with a spear, and at once there came out blood and water.

He who saw it has borne witness—his testimony is true, and

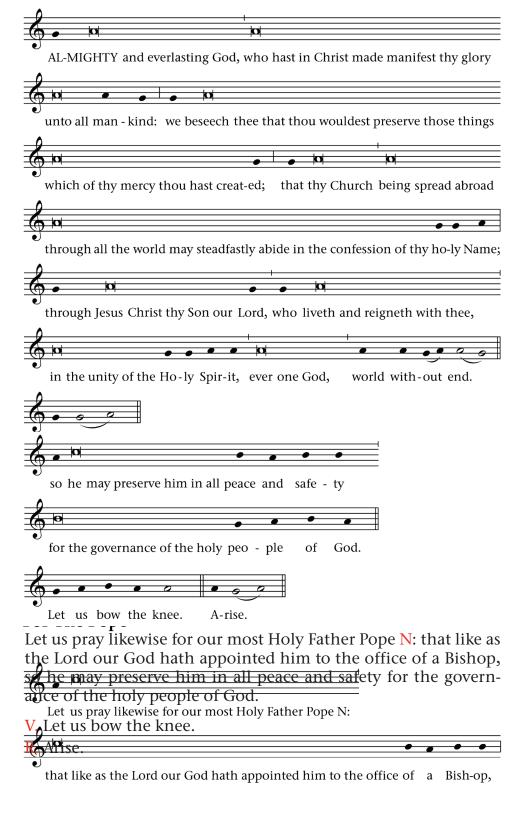
he knows that he tells the truth—that you also may believe. For these things took place that the Scripture might be fulfilled, "Not a bone of him shall be broken."

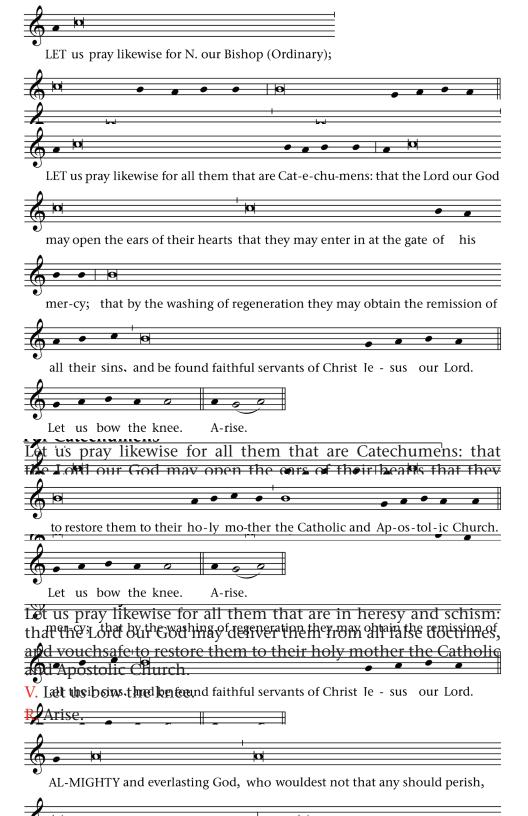
And again another Scripture says, "They shall look on him whom they have pierced."

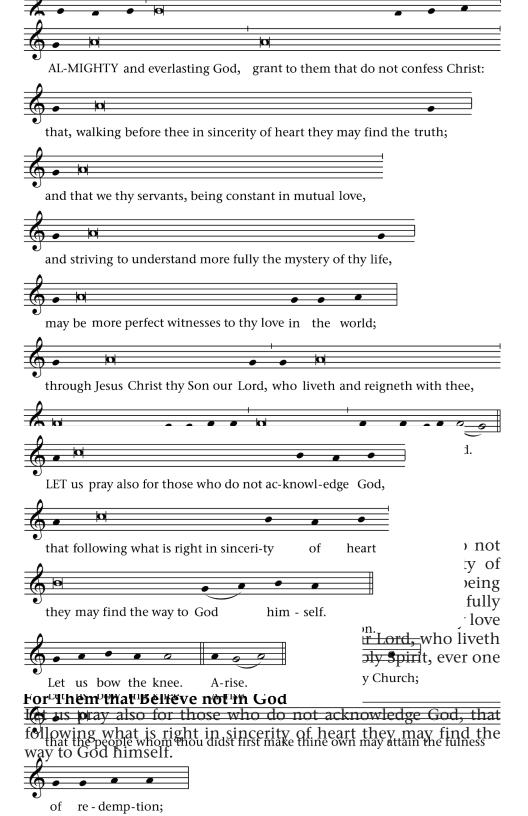
After this Joseph of Arimathe'a, who was a disciple of Jesus, but secretly, for fear of the Jews, asked Pilate that he might take away the body of Jesus, and Pilate gave him leave. So he came and took away his body.

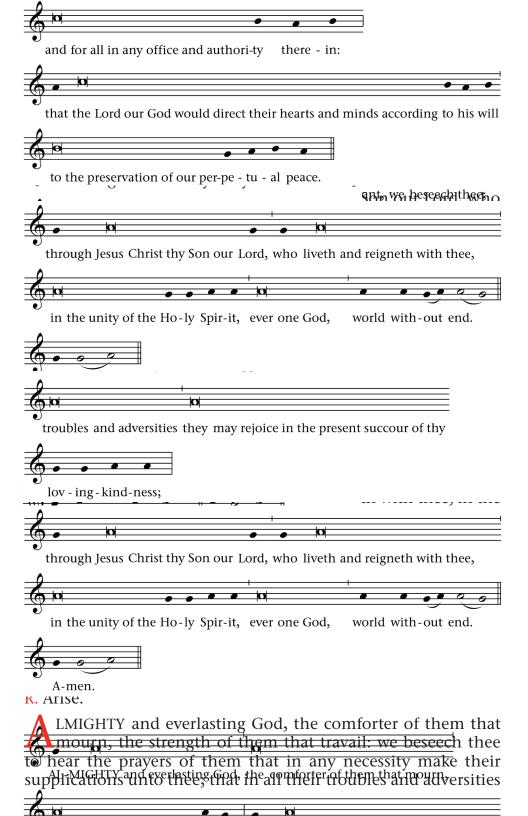
Nicode'mus also, who had at first come to him by night, came bringing a mixture of myrrh and aloes, about a hundred pounds' weight.

They took the body of Jesus, and bound it in linen cloths with









they may rejoice in the present succour of thy loving-kindness; through Jesus Christ thy Son our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, ever one God, world without end. Amen.

For the Faithful Departed

Let us remember before God those of our brethren who have departed this life with the sign of faith; and likewise yield high praise and hearty thanks for the wonderful grace and virtue declared in all his Saints.

V. Let us remember knee God those of our brethren who have departed this life

LMIGHTY and everlasting God, we pray for all thy servants departed this life in thy faith and fear; and we bless thy holy life for all who in life and death have glorified thee: chiefly the Aglorious and vertext-kitogita what any follow the Aglorious and God, the holy Patriarchs, Prophets, Apostles and Martyrs, and all thy saints; beseeching thee to give us grace that, rejoicing in their fellowship and prayers, we may follow their good examples, and we bless thy holy Name for all who in life and death their good examples, and with them be partakers of thy heavenly kingdom; through Jesus Christ thy Son our Lord, who liveth and reigneth with thee, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, ever one God, works what their glorious and ever-Virgin Mary, Mother of thy

THE ADORATION OF THE HOLY CROSS

The Priest or Deacon, accompanied by two servers with lighted candles escaptarist hachards from the Such station the receives the Crucifix. He carries it through the church, and the church, and the church, and the church in the sandtuary, makes three stations. At each station he intones:

Station he intones:
Behold the wood of the Cross, whereon was hung the world's

Salvation. The people respond:

O correct their allows hip and prayers, we may follow their good examples,

All kneel for a brief moment of adoration while the Priest stands and

Afterd then final station kets then entrouse to the Sanctuary, the Priest, other Ministers, and People are invited to approach the Crucifix and show reverence to the Cross by a genuflection, by kissing the

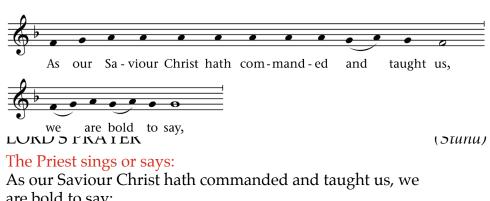
Crucifix, or some other appropriate sign.

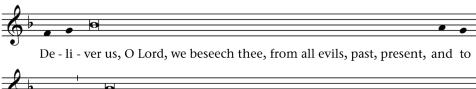
Outling this time, the Anthem Crucem tuam adoramus, the Reproaches, the humn "Crux fideles", or other suitable chants may

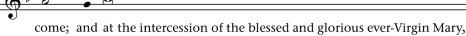
be sung.

When the Adoration of the Holy Cross has been concluded, the Crucifix is carried by the Deacon or Minister to its place at the altar. Lighted candles are placed near the Crucifix.

THE HOLY COMMUNION

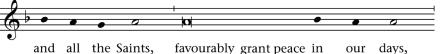




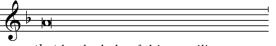




Mo-ther of God, with thy blessed Apostles Peter and Paul, and with Andrew,



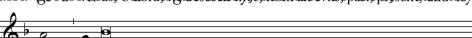
all the Saints,



that by the help of thine availing mercy

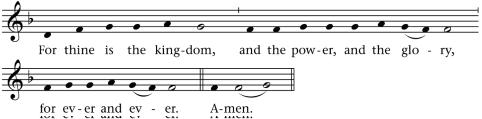


Meliver us. O Lord, we beseech thee, from all evils, past, esent, and to come; and at the intercession of the blessed and gloriousus vero Hirgins a Maryee, Monther vio for Goods switch at hy



blessed Apostles Peter and Paul, and with Andrew, and all the Saints, favourably grant peace in our days, that by the help of thine availing mercy we may ever both be free from sin and safe from all distress.

The Priest joins his hands. The People respond:



ECCE AGNUS DEI (said by the Priest)

Behold the Lamb of God, behold him that taketh away the sins of the world. Blessed are those who are called to the Supper of the Lamb.

DOMINE NON SUM DIGNUS

(said three times)

Lord, I am not worthy that thou shouldest come under my roof, but speak the word only, and my soul shall be healed.

Holy Communion is administered in the usual manner but in one kind only, during which Psalm 22 or another appropriate chant may be sung.

The distribution of Holy Communion being completed, the Deacon, or another suitable Minister, takes the ciborium to a place prepared outside the church or returns it to its place of repose. After a period of silence, the Priest says the Prayer after Communion, prefacing it with Let us pray.

ALMIGHTY and most merciful God, who by the blessed Passion and Death of thy Christ hast redeemed us: preserve in us the work of thy mercy; that as we have partaken of these holy mysteries, so we may ever live in devotion to thy service; through the same Jesus Christ our Lord. Amen.

Or:

LORD Jesu Christ, Son of the living God, we pray thee to set thy Passion, Cross, and Death between thy judgement and our souls, now and in the hour of our death: vouchsafe to grant mercy and grace to the living, rest to the dead, to thy holy Church peace and concord, and to us sinners everlasting life and glory; who livest and reignest with the Father, in the unity of the Holy Spirit, ever one God, world without end. Amen

After genuflecting to the Crucifix, the Ministers and servers return to the sacristy in silence. The altar is stripped, but the Crucifix remains in the Sanctuary with two or four candlesticks.

When leaving, please depart in silence. The Triduum is one single service, continuing from the Maundy Thursday mass through the Good Friday liturgy and the end of the Easter Vigil.

The Readings are taken from *The Second Catholic Edition of the Revised Standard Version of the Bible,* © 1965, 1966 by the Division of Christian Education of the National Council of the Churches of Christ in the United States of America, revised according to *Liturgiam Authenticam*, 2001. Used by permission. All rights reserved. The mass lectionary makes slight adaptations to the RSV-2CE text.



Prot. N. 160/15

CONGREGATION FOR DIVINE WORSHIP AND THE DISCIPLINE OF THE SACRAMENTS

DECREE

Desiring to heal wounds of division in the Body of Christ, Pope Benedict XVI approved the erection of Personal Ordinariates for Anglicans wishing to enter into the full communion of the Catholic Church. Attentive to their attachment to various customs and traditions that developed in the Anglican Communion over the nearly five hundred years of separation from the See of Peter and that are in accord with the Catholic faith, among the provisions of the Apostolic Constitution Anglicanorum coetibus is included the authorization for the preparation of liturgical books that draw from the Anglican liturgical and spiritual patrimony.

Aware that authentic Catholic worship in Spirit and truth has always found expression in diverse forms, this Congregation, together with the Congregation for the Doctrine of the Faith, drawing from various Anglican sources and from the current Roman Missal, has prepared this text for the celebration of the Mass in the Personal Ordinariates.

Therefore, wishing that the fruits of the labors of pastors, religious, and lay faithful of years past may remain ever abundant in the Church, this Congregation for Divine Worship and the Discipline of the Sacraments, by virtue of the faculties granted to it by the Supreme Pontiff FRANCIS, now approves this Missal as a legitimate adaptation of the Roman Rite, drawn up in the English language and called « Divine Worship: The Missal », as in the attached copy, and makes it available for all those who have the right to it from the date established by the Ordinaries of the Personal Ordinariates.

In printed editions, this Decree, which grants the approval of the Apostolic See, is to be included in its entirety.

All things to the contrary notwithstanding.

From the offices of the Congregation for Divine Worship and the Discipline of the Sacraments, 27 May 2015, the Memorial of Saint Augustine of Canterbury, Bishop.

(Robert Card. SARAH) *Prefect*

